TERM LECTURER JERRY FODOR

and Limits of Computational Psychology Mind Doesn't Work That Way: The Scope Cognitive Science Went Wrong (1998); The Semantics (1993); Concepts: Where The Philosophy of Mind (1998); The Elm Polemical Essays on Cognitive Science and Other Essays (1990); In Critical Condition: Mind (1987); A Theory of Content and to ydqosolida ədt ni gninasM to məldora odT :səitməməsodəyeA :(£891) bniM to Cognitive Science (1891); The Modularity Philosophical Essays on the Foundations of Thought (1976); Representations: of essays, including: The Language of articles, nine books, and three collections the author of numerous influential journal Philosophy at Rutgers University. Fodor is State of New Jersey Professor of Graduate Center. Since 1988, he has been Distinguished Professor at the CUNY and psychology. In 1986, he became 1960 to 1986 as a professor of philosophy University in 1960. He taught at MIT from received his PhD from Princeton



Please Post

October 29—November 2, 2001 College of Liberal Arts & Sciences

Humanities Term Lecture Series 2001

HUME VARIATIONS JERRY FODOR

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UNIVERSITY OF

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HUME'S NATURALISM

Monday, October 29, 2001 4:00—6:00 pm Keene Faculty Center

IMPRESSIONS

Wednesday, October 31, 2001 6:00—8:00 pm Keene Faculty Center

BASIC CONCEPTS

Thursday, November 1, 2001 4:00—6:00 pm Keene Faculty Center Reception to follow

JERRY FODOR & HIS WORK



330 Griffin-Floyd Hall PO Box 118545 Gainesville FL 32611-8545 phone: (352) 392-2084 fax: (352) 392-5577 email: dept@phil.ufl.edu <web.phil.ufl.edu/> Jerry Fodor is arguably the most influential and controversial philosopher of mind of his generation. His most important contribution is a sustained attempt to reconcile common-sense realism about the mind with scientific naturalism. Fodor's renowned "Language of Thought" hypothesis about the cognitive structure of the mind holds that thoughts are realized in a language-like representational medium in the brain, and are thus subject to computational principles. In addition to reviving scientific research on a modular conception of perception, Fodor has made substantive contributions to our understanding of how mental representations acquire their intentional (semantic) power, that is, their capacity to be about things in the world. In this series of lectures, using David Hume's views as a historical backdrop, Fodor continues to investigate these questions as they relate to the nature of our basic concepts (as mental representations) and how we acquire them. Debates over these topics are currently raging not only in philosophy but also in the fields of cognitive science, linguistics, and neuroscience. Fodor criticizes, time and again, some of the most fundamental assumptions made by contemporary researchers about the nature of concepts. These lectures are likely to generate a lively and heated discussion across various disciplines.

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